Screening Questions

1) Do you prefer to take the following survey in Ukra	inian or Russian?
Ukrainian Russian	62% 38%
2) What is your age?	
V. 1. 40 [mmp. (V.) 4 mm]	

Under 18 [TERMINATE]	
18-29	16%
30-39	21%
40-49	22%
50-64	32%
65 and older	9%

3) Do you or any of your family members work in financial services, telecommunications, advertising or public relations, news media, technology, marketing or market research, politics or political campaigns or government?

Financial services	7%
Telecommunications	3%
Advertising or public relations [END]	
News media [END]	
Technology	4%
Marketing or market research [END]	
Politics or political campaigns [END]	
Government [END]	
You or any of your family members do not	87%
Government [END]	 87%

4) In which oblast do you live? [CODE BY REGION]

Center	%
West	%
South	%
East	%

5) **[IF KHERSON]** Do you live in the Autonomous Region of Crimea?

Yes [END]	
No	100%

6) **[IF DONETSK]** Do you live in the Donetsk People's Republic?

Yes [END]	
No	100%

7) **[IF LUHANSK]** Do you live in the Luhansk People's Republic?

Yes [END] -- 100%

Perceptions of the NATO and Ukraine's Position

INTRO: Thank you for participating in this survey. We will begin by asking you a few general questions about the political, social, and economic situation in Ukraine today.

The first set of questions will be about the European Union and NATO.

The European Union (EU) is a political and economic union of 27 member states that are located in Europe. The EU aims to ensure the free movement of people, goods, services, and capital within the internal single market of its member states.

NATO (the North Atlantic Treaty Organization) is a military alliance of 30 countries in Europe and North America. NATO members are committed to a system of collective security, whereby its member agree to defend each other in response to an attack on any one member.

We will also ask questions about the West, meaning EU countries, UK, US, and Canada.

EU MEMBERSHIP

8) Do you favor or oppose Ukraine becoming a member of the European Union?

TOTAL FAVOR	75%
TOTAL OPPOSE	14%
Strongly favor	48%
Somewhat favor	27%
Somewhat oppose	7%
Strongly oppose	7%
Not sure	9%
Prefer not to answer	2%

9) How likely do you believe it is that Ukraine becomes a member of the EU at some point in the future?

TOTAL LIKELY	70%
TOTAL NOT LIKELY	26%
Very likely	33%
Somewhat likely	37%
Not very likely	19%
Not likely at all, Ukraine will never become an EU member	7%
Not sure	4%

NATO MEMBERSHIP

10)Do you favor or oppose Ukraine becoming a member of NATO?

TOTAL FAVOR	64%
TOTAL OPPOSE	34%
Strongly favor	44%
Somewhat favor	20%
Somewhat oppose	9%
Strongly oppose	13%
Not sure	12%
Prefer not to answer	2%

11)[IF FAVOR] Why do you favor Ukraine becoming a member of NATO? [RANK UP TO 3]

REASON	TOTAL	<u>1st</u> CHOICE	2 ND CHOICE	3 RD CHOICE
It would make Ukraine more secure	67%	49%	12%	6%
It would allow for peace instead of war by securing Ukraine	42%	9%	18%	15%
It would protect Ukraine from Russia	41%	19%	18%	4%
Ukraine needs NATO for our security	24%	5%	4%	15%
It would be good for Ukraine's future	22%	4%	6%	12%
It would benefit Ukraine economically	18%	4%	9%	5%
It would align Ukraine with the West rather than Russia	17%	2%	8%	7%
It would help improve Ukraine's military	16%	2%	7%	7%
It would reduce Russia's influence over Ukraine	15%	1%	6%	8%
It would help reduce corruption in Ukraine	14%	2%	5%	7%
It would show that Ukraine is a modern Western nation	13%	2%	4%	7%
Ukraine and NATO member states share the same values	10%	1%	2%	7%
Other [Specify]	1%		1%	
Not sure				

Schoen Cooperman Research

Ukrainian Security Study February 2022 12)[IF OPPOSE] Why do you oppose Ukraine becoming a member of NATO? [RANK UP TO 3]

<u>REASON</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>1st</u> <u>CHOICE</u>	2 ND CHOICE	3 RD CHOICE
Ukraine would lose its independence	38%	13%	13%	12%
Staying out of NATO would allow for peace instead of war by not provoking Russia	37%	12%	16%	9%
Ukraine would be pressured by other NATO members	35%	9%	12%	14%
It would hurt Ukraine's future	34%	5%	10%	19%
It would put Ukraine at greater risk of Russian aggression	32%	25%	3%	4%
Ukraine should be more aligned with Russia than the West	23%	9%	9%	5%
It would harm Ukraine's economic ties to Russia	22%	11%	8%	3%
Ukraine will be forced to spend more on our military under NATO policies	19%	3%	9%	7%
Ukraine and NATO member states do not share the same values	19%	3%	5%	11%
Ukraine does not need NATO for our security	16%	5%	5%	6%
Ukraine would lose our Slavic culture	15%	2%	6%	7%
Russia is stronger than many perceive them to be and will fight hard to control Ukraine	10%	3%	4%	3%
Other [Specify]				
Not sure				
Prefer not to answer				

13) How likely do you believe it is that Ukraine becomes a member of NATO at some point in the future?

TOTAL LIKELY TOTAL NOT LIKELY	63% 29%
Very likely Somewhat likely Not very likely Not likely at all, Ukraine will never become	30% 33% 23%
a NATO member	6%
Not sure	8%

14) How likely do you believe it is that Ukraine becomes a member of NATO within the next five to ten years?

15) What is more important to you: Ukrainian membership in NATO or Ukrainian membership in the EU?

Ukrainian membership in NATO	38%
Ukrainian membership in the EU	38%
Not sure	21%
Prefer not to answer	3%

16) Are you ready to consider alternatives for security guarantees while Ukraine is not yet a member of NATO?

TOTAL READY	66%
TOTAL NOT READY	17%
Definitely ready	29%
Possibly ready	37%
Not very ready	11%
Not ready at all	6%
Not sure	17%

17)If NATO membership is not possible at this time, how interested are you in other ways to improve Ukrainian security?

TOTAL INTERESTED TOTAL NOT INTERESTED	84% 7%
Very interested Somewhat interested Not very interested Not interested at all Not sure	53% 31% 5% 2% 9%

18)[IF INTERESTED] Which alternatives to NATO membership are you interested in Ukraine pursing for its security? [RANK UP TO 3]

REASON	TOTAL	<u>1ST</u> <u>CHOICE</u>	2 ND CHOICE	3 RD CHOICE
Strengthen the Ukrainian military to fight for our own territory	82%	61%	11%	10%
A security guarantee with the United States	48%	11%	26%	11%
A security guarantee from EU countries	40%	4%	15%	21%
Membership in the EU	36%	5%	14%	17%
A security guarantee but not membership with NATO	25%	4%	10%	11%
A peace treaty with Russia to give up claims to Crimea, Donetsk, and Luhansk	24%	4%	8%	12%
A security guarantee with Russia	23%	7%	10%	6%
A security guarantee from the CSTO	14%	3%	4%	7%
Membership in the CSTO	8%	1%	2%	5%
Other [Specify]				
Not sure				
Prefer not to answer				

SECURITY GUARANTEES

At this time, there is an urgent discussion about Ukrainian security in Europe and around the world.

19)Do you consider yourself well-informed about the discussion about Ukrainian security?

TOTAL WELL INFORMED	61%
TOTAL NOT WELL INFORMED	37%
Very well informed	16%
Somewhat well informed	45%
Not very well informed	33%
Not informed at all	4%
Not sure	2%

20) From what you know, which of the following countries are not members of NATO? [select all that apply]

Switzerland	38%
Finland	36%
Sweden	26%
Croatia	15%
Denmark	14%
Not sure	40%

21) For each of the following statements about NATO, please indicate if you believe they are true or false.

<u>Statement</u>	TRUE	<u>FALSE</u>	NOT SURE
NATO members have to defend each other with military force if one of them is attacked	78%	5%	17%
NATO has its own strong army	70%	12%	18%
While NATO members have to assist each other if one of them is attacked, this does not have to include sending military forces	63%	18%	19%
NATO promotes democratic values	47%	14%	39%

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<u>Statement</u>	TRUE	<u>FALSE</u>	NOT SURE
NATO has none of its own soldiers and for each of its goals, member states have to agree to send soldiers and equipment	43%	25%	32%
NATO promotes the market economy	25%	31%	44%
NATO protects members specifically against Russian aggression	21%	44%	35%
NATO recently adopted a policy to protect its member states from China	9%	33%	58%

22)Some countries are not in NATO but have individual security guarantees from the United States. From what you know, which of the following countries have security guarantees from the United States? [MULTIPLE CHOICES ALLOWED]

Israel	22%
South Korea	21%
Switzerland	18%
Japan	18%
Australia	12%
Sweden	11%
Iceland	6%
Scotland	5%
Not sure	58%

23)Some have suggested that Ukraine should receive enforceable security guarantees from a number of countries or from organizations in order to secure its borders and avoid war.

Thinking about the situation that Ukraine faces today, do you think that there are actually security guarantees, from countries or from organizations, that can work and are reliable and can therefore really provide security?

TOTAL DEFINITELY/PROBABLY/POSSIBLY	70%
TOTAL NOT LIKELY/NOT AT ALL	21%
Definitely	21%
Probably	24%
Possibly	25%
Not likely	16%
Not at all	5%
Not sure	9%

24)[IF DEFINITELY/PROBABLY/POSSIBLY] Why do you think that the right form of security guarantees can really provide security? [RANK UP TO 3]

REASON	TOTAL	<u>1ST</u> <u>CHOICE</u>	2 ND CHOICE	3 RD CHOICE
Almost no nation can defend itself alone, security needs alliances or security guarantees	71%	26%	18%	27%
International powers seek peace	55%	31%	10%	14%
Ukraine shares the same values as Western powers and organizations	53%	6%	25%	22%
I trust Western powers and organizations, like the US and NATO	51%	22%	18%	11%
There are successful examples in other countries	36%	11%	14%	11%
It will improve the economies for all countries involved	33%	3%	15%	15%
Other [Specify]		1%		
Not sure				
Prefer not to answer				

25)[IF NOT LIKELY/NOT AT ALL] Why do you think that no form of security guarantees can really work? [RANK UP TO 3]

<u>REASON</u>	TOTAL	<u>1ST</u> <u>CHOICE</u>	2 ND CHOICE	3 rd <u>CHOICE</u>
Security guarantees and alliances are paper tigers, what counts is only the power of the own army.	86%	37%	20%	28%
Security guarantees have failed in other countries	69%	20%	28%	20%
I do not trust Western powers and organizations, like the US and NATO	60%	28%	17%	15%
Ukraine does not share the same values as Western powers and organizations	51%	7%	24%	20%
International powers want war	36%	8%	11%	17%
Other [Specify]				
Not sure				
Prefer not to answer				

26) Would you like Ukraine to pursue security guarantees from international countries and organizations or not at this time?

I would like Ukraine to pursue security guarantees at this time	75%
I would not like Ukraine to pursue security guarantees at this time	8%
Not sure	17%

27)Can security guarantees be enforced, meaning a country that received guarantee can force the guarantor country to fulfill them or are security guarantees only on paper, and worthless in a case of real conflict?

Security guarantees can be enforced	36%
Security guarantees are worthless	29%
Not sure	35%

28)Please indicate if you agree or disagree with each of the following statements about security guarantees.

Positive/Neutral Statement	TOTAL AGREE	TOTAL DISAGREE	<u>Not</u> <u>Sure</u>
Security guarantees can be enforced if the partner is trustworthy	66%	22%	12%
Security guarantees can be enforced because they are binding under international law	63%	22%	15%
Security guarantees can be enforced because if the guarantor power does not fulfill its commitments, it will be kicked out of the United Nations	61%	22%	17%
Security guarantees can be enforced because if the partner does not fulfill security commitments, they have to pay substantial financial compensation	52%	27%	21%
The only security guarantee system that works is NATO and everything else in history has failed because it could not be enforced	52%	35%	13%
Security guarantees can be enforced and a country that received guarantees can force their partner to fulfill them	51%	30%	19%

<u>Negative Statement</u>	<u>TOTAL</u> <u>AGREE</u>	TOTAL DISAGREE	<u>Not</u> <u>Sure</u>
Security guarantees cannot be enforced because one country cannot force another country to do something it does not want to do.	68%	19%	13%
Security guarantees cannot be enforced because as we saw this in the case of Poland and Czechoslovakia at the time of Nazi aggression, "Guarantees" only work as long as nobody really attacks a country	68%	19%	13%
Security guarantees cannot be enforced because we have already seen the Budapest Memorandum fail when Russia invaded and annexed Ukraine.	65%	19%	16%
Security guarantees are only on paper and are worthless in a case of real conflict.	53%	39%	8%

29)In some other countries, security guarantees by an ally have so far been successful maintaining national sovereignty, peace, and border security.

For example, the United States and Japan have a joint security treaty under which Japan remains a largely pacifist country and the US is permitted to have military bases on Japanese soil. The two nations are also committed to defending each other if one or the other is attacked.

The United States and South Korea have a similar joint security treaty under which the US is permitted to have military bases on Korean soil and the two nations are committed to defending each other if one or the other is attacked.

Based on this information, do you think Japan and South Korea are sufficiently safe under this arrangement?

TOTAL YES TOTAL NO	53% 11%
Definitely	21%
Probably	32%
Possibly	26%
Not likely	8%
Not at all	3%
Not sure	10%

30)[IF DEFINITELY/PROBABLY/POSSIBLY] Why do you think Japan and South Korea are sufficiently safe under this arrangement?

Because the US not only signed a treaty with	
these countries, but the US military is	34%
present on their soil	
Because the US sticks to their commitments	28%
Because the US has an egotistical interest in	26%
keeping these countries safe	20%
Other [specify]	1%
Not sure	11%

31)[IF NOT LIKELY/NOT AT ALL] Why do you think Japan and South Korea are not safe under this arrangement?

Because if an attack were to really happen,	37%
the US will find a way to disappear	3/%
Because the US will help fight but not	21%
commit their full military strength	21%

Because these agreements are with the US	
alone and not a larger organization like	14%
NATO	
Because if the US faces a big and powerful	9%
attacker, they will lose	970
Other [specify]	7%
Not sure	11%

32) Thinking about the situation that Ukraine faces today, which country or organization would you like Ukraine to sign a treaty with and receive security guarantees from? [rank up to 3]

REASON	TOTAL	<u>1ST</u> CHOICE	2 ND CHOICE	3 RD CHOICE
The United States and the European Union or some individual European countries	60%	23%	25%	12%
NATO alone	48%	26%	12%	10%
The United States and the United Kingdom	43%	13%	17%	13%
The United Nations alone	27%	3%	9%	15%
The European Union alone	26%	3%	6%	17%
The European Union and Russia	19%	4%	7%	8%
The United States and Russia	17%	8%	6%	3%
The United States alone	17%	2%	6%	9%
The United Nations and Russia	17%	3%	7%	7%
NATO and Russia	15%	8%	4%	3%
Russia alone	11%	7%	1%	3%
Other [Specify]				
Not sure				
Prefer not to answer				

33) Which do you believe will provide greater security to Ukraine: security guarantees, but not membership, from NATO or security guarantees from the United States?

Security guarantees from NATO	40%
Security guarantees from the United States	23%
Not sure	31%
Prefer not to answer	6%

34)Please indicate how confident you would be that another Russian invasion of Ukraine would not happen if Ukraine received security guarantees from each of the following countries or organizations.

Country/Organization	<u>Complete</u> <u>Confidence</u>	TOTAL CONFIDENT	TOTAL NOT CONFIDENT	Not sure/ No answer
The United States and the European Union	23%	69%	17%	14%
The United States, the UK and Poland	24%	68%	18%	14%
NATO alone	24%	66%	20%	14%
The United States, Germany and France	19%	64%	23%	13%
The United States alone	18%	63%	22%	15%
The European Union alone	10%	55%	31%	14%
The United Nations alone	12%	52%	35%	13%
The United States and Russia	12%	50%	35%	15%
The United Nations and Russia	9%	44%	41%	15%
NATO and Russia	10%	39%	39%	22%
The European Union and Russia	7%	37%	42%	21%
Russia alone	9%	26%	66%	8%

- 35) Many experts say that in order to ensure Ukraine's security, at least four components are important:
 - 1) The strength of Ukraine's army
 - 2) Ukraine having membership in alliances or security guarantees from individual countries
 - 3) New arms control treaties that regulate in detail which kinds of weapons countries can deploy in a certain area like the Treaty on Conventional Armed Forces in Europe
 - 4) Physical deterrence by troops of allies or international organizations present on Ukrainian territory (similar to the US troops that are present in Japan and South Korea)

Thinking about these components, which do you believe Ukraine needs in order for you to be confident in its security? Please select only what you believe is absolutely necessary.

A stronger Ukrainian army	32%
NATO membership	21%
Ukrainian nuclear weapons	14%
Some reliable security guarantees, not necessarily NATO but equally reliable	8%
New arms control treaties that regulate in detail the deployment of Russian and other military forces in the region	7%
The presence of soldiers of our allies on Ukrainian territory	5%
Not sure Prefer not to answer	9% 4%

36)In order for you to be confident that another Russian invasion of Ukraine would not happen would there need to be detailed military agreements, guarantees signed by heads of state, like Presidents, or will only NATO make Ukraine secure?

There need to be detailed military	30%
agreements	30 70
Guarantees signed by heads of state, like	200/
Presidents, are enough	20%
Only NATO will make Ukraine secure	24%
Not sure	21%
Prefer not to answer	5%

37) Which type of military agreement or agreements, if any, would make you confident that another Russian invasion of Ukraine would not happen? Please select all that apply.

Ukraine must be a member of NATO or	
receive another reliable agreement that	48%
guarantees Western powers will come to	4070
Ukraine's defense if attacked	
Russian troops are not allowed within a	25%
specific distance of the Ukrainian border	25%
Ukraine commits to defending another	
country if they are attacked in exchange for	12%
the same commitment from that partner	
A new Treaty on Conventional Armed	
Forces in Europe is ratified among all	8%
countries	

The num	bers of weapo	ns and	amount of		
military	equipment	that	individual	7	%
countries	can have is lim	iited			
Other [SP	ECIFY]			3	%
Not sure				17	7%
Prefer no	t to answer			4	%

38)In order to ensure that another Russian invasion does not happen again, would you find it necessary to have some form of physical deterrence, such as defensive weaponry and other border security, on top of security guarantees to trust?

Yes	63%
No	10%
Not sure	23%
Prefer not to answer	4%

39)[IF YES] what is enough from your point of view?

Soldiers and military bases of allies on	
Ukrainian territory equipped with full range	31%
of weapons, but no missiles	
Ukrainian nuclear weapons	21%
Soldiers and military bases of allies on	
Ukrainian territory with no offensive	13%
capability	
Ballistic missiles (non-nuclear) of allies on	7%
Ukrainian territory	7 70
Nuclear weapons of allies on Ukrainian	6%
territory	070
Ukrainian ballistic missiles (non-nuclear)	5%
Other [specify]	1%
Not sure	15%
Prefer not to answer	1%

40) In your view, what stands in the way of Ukraine joining NATO? Please select all that apply.

Ukraine is too corrupt	45%
Some NATO members believe it would	29%
provoke Russia	
Germany and France are too egotistical and	18%
cowards, so they block Ukrainian	
membership	
NATO does not accept applications of states	18%
that are in an armed conflict	

Ukraine's army has to get more modern and	16%
capable	
NATO members think they already support	10%
Ukraine enough	
Ukraine is liable to get into new conflicts in	8%
the very near future	
Other [specify]	2%
Not sure	14%
Prefer not to answer	2%

41) Should Georgia be offered membership in NATO as urgently as Ukraine?

Yes	47%
No	14%
Not sure	35%
Prefer not to answer	4%

42) In your view, who is a real friend of Ukraine and will fight for Ukraine's security?

The United States	39%
Poland	34%
The United Kingdom	32%
Canada	26%
NATO	21%
The European Union	20%
Turkey	19%
France	11%
The United Nations	11%
Germany	8%
Israel	5%
The OSCE	4%
China	2%
Other [specify]	8%
Not sure	23%
Prefer not to answer	5%

43) Who is most dangerous for Ukraine today? [RANK UP TO 3]

Country/Organization	<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>1st</u> <u>CHOICE</u>	2 ND CHOICE	3 RD CHOICE
Russia	84%	79%	2%	3%
Belarus	67%	2%	55%	10%
The CSTO	28%		8%	20%
The United States	26%	10%	7%	9%
China	23%		6%	17%
NATO	17%	4%	8%	5%
Hungary	13%		2%	11%
Poland	10%	2%	3%	5%
The OSCE	9%		1%	8%
The European Union	8%	2%	2%	4%
Germany	5%		1%	4%
Turkey	4%	1%	1%	2%
The United Nations	4%		3%	1%
Italy	2%		1%	1%
Other [Specify]				
Not sure				
Prefer not to answer				

44) Please indicate if you agree or disagree with each of the following statements about NATO and Russia.

<u>Statement</u>	TOTAL AGREE	TOTAL DISAGREE	<u>Not</u> <u>Sure/No</u> <u>Answer</u>
NATO is not a direct threat to Russia but it is an unfriendly and strong military alliance committed to keep Russia down	59%	25%	16%
NATO is not a threat to Russia, but the Russians and the Kremlin really think it is	50%	30%	20%
NATO is not a threat to Russia and the Russians know it is a purely defensive alliance	50%	29%	21%
NATO is a threat to Russia because it was founded to contain Russia	45%	39%	16%
NATO is a threat to Russia because any military alliance at your border of which you are not a member is a threat	43%	38%	19%
NATO is a threat to Russia because it is a tool for the United States to increase their power	42%	38%	20%
NATO is a threat to Russia because weakening Russia is better for NATO	38%	43%	19%

45)Please indicate if you agree or disagree with each of the following statements about NATO and Ukraine.

Positive Statement NATO has an obligation to accept Ukraine in the near future because	TOTAL AGREE	TOTAL DISAGREE	<u>Not</u> Sure/No Answer
NATO has a rule that it is open to all applying democracies who fulfill certain criteria	66%	17%	17%
Nobody ever promised that it would not happen	56%	22%	22%
It is immoral to force Ukrainians to contain the Russian threat alone	55%	25%	20%
Ukraine has no other option for its security	52%	31%	17%
NATO accepted Romania, Bulgaria, Estonia	50%	29%	21%
Ukraine will make NATO stronger	38%	40%	22%

Negative Statement NATO does not have an obligation to accept Ukraine in the near future because	TOTAL AGREE	TOTAL DISAGREE	Not Sure/No Answer
NATO does not have to accept every applicant immediately	60%	24%	16%
Ukraine is in an armed conflict	57%	29%	14%
NATO members have a right to reject applications	52%	24%	24%
Ukraine does not fulfill NATO's democracy criteria	43%	38%	19%
Ukrainian membership would provoke Russia, so NATO has a right to say no in the interest of peace	40%	42%	18%
Russian was previously promised it would not happen	25%	47%	28%

UKRAINE'S CURRENT POSITION & FUTURE

46) Generally speaking, which type of alliance would you prefer Ukraine to have in the future?

An alliance with both the EU and NATO	58%
An alliance with the EU but not NATO	5%
An alliance with NATO but not the EU	3%
No alliance with the EU or NATO, but	7%
alliances with individual Western countries	7 70
An alliance with Russia	10%
Not sure	17%

47) Where do you see Ukraine in 10 years?

A member of the EU and NATO	47%
Special relations but no formal alliance either with NATO, EU, Russia or China	8%
A member of the EU but not NATO	5%
Closely tied to Russia	5%
A member of the NATO but not the EU	4%
Part of a Russia-China alliance	3%
Neutral	13%
None of the above	3%
Not sure	12%

48)In terms of its security policy and alliances, which of the following countries' example would you like Ukraine to follow? Please select all that apply.

The United Kingdom	21%
Israel	19%
Switzerland	19%
Poland	19%
Japan	12%
Finland	10%
Turkey	9%
Estonia	9%
South Korea	8%
Taiwan	2%
Other [specify]	2%
Not sure	28%

49) From what you know, would you describe the relations between the West (meaning EU countries, UK, US, and Canada) and Ukraine to be good or bad?

TOTAL GOOD	78%
TOTAL BAD	11%
Very good	19%
Somewhat good	59%
Somewhat bad	8%
Very bad	3%
Not sure	11%

50) From what you know, do you believe that relations between the West and Ukraine have gotten better or worse in the past ten years?

Gotten better	56%
Gotten worse	14%
Stayed the same	17%
Not sure	13%

51)In the past year or so, have you become more positive and welcoming or more negative and skeptical about Ukraine becoming more closely integrated with the EU and the West?

More positive – I am more open for such	44%
integration	4470
More negative – I feel more reluctant with	14%
the prospect of such integration	14%
Nothing changed recently in my views	24%
This is not important to me	3%
Not sure	12%
Prefer not to answer	3%

52)Do the West and Ukraine share the same value systems?

TOTAL YES TOTAL NO	66% 24%
Yes, definitely Yes, somewhat No, not very much No, not at all Not sure	24% 42% 16% 8% 10%

Threats of Russian Invasion

TOTAL CONCEDNED

Next, we will ask you some questions about Russia in its relation to Ukraine.

53)Do you think the threat of a Russian invasion is a real possibility or is it a maneuver by Russia to get concessions from the West?

The threat of a Russian invasion is a real	39%
possibility	
The threat of a Russian invasion is a	40%
maneuver to get concessions	
Not sure	15%
Prefer not to answer	6%

54) How concerned are you that Russia troops will cross Ukraine's border?

TOTAL CONCERNED TOTAL NOT CONCERNED	78% 16%
Very concerned Somewhat concerned Not very concerned Not at all concerned Not sure	57% 21% 7% 9% 4%
Prefer not to answer	2%

55) How concerned are you that Russia troops will invade all the way to western Ukrainian?

720/

Somewhat concerned 25 Not very concerned 99 Not at all concerned 11 Not sure 69	TOTAL CONCERNED TOTAL NOT CONCERNED	20%
Not very concerned99Not at all concerned11Not sure69		47%
Not at all concerned 11 Not sure 69		25% 9%
		11%
Prefer not to answer 29	Not sure	6%
	Prefer not to answer	2%

56)If Ukraine is invaded by Russia again, would you volunteer to serve or fight in the Ukrainian armed forces?

TOTAL DEFINITELY/PROBABLY/POSSIBLY	49%
TOTAL PROBABLY NOT/NO	34%
,	
Definitely	22%

Probably	12%
Possibly	15%
Probably not	12%
No	22%
Not sure	10%
Prefer not to answer	7%

57) Please indicate if you agree or disagree with each of the following statements.

Statement Russia could win a fully-fledged offensive campaign to conquer significant additional territory in Ukraine because	TOTAL AGREE	TOTAL DISAGREE	Not Sure/No Answer
Their army is so much stronger than the Ukrainian army	54%	32%	14%
Ukraine is not in NATO	47%	34%	19%
The West is not engaging militarily at this time	44%	33%	23%

Statement Russia could <u>not</u> win a fully-fledged offensive campaign to conquer significant additional territory in Ukraine because	TOTAL AGREE	TOTAL DISAGREE	Not Sure/No Answer
They will have to advance deep in the country and when occupation starts, Ukrainians will take up arms and kill as many of the occupying force as necessary until the occupation ends and Russia retreats.	62%	20%	18%
The Ukrainian army can beat back such an offensive at an early stage	59%	28%	13%
The West will put such economic sanctions on Russia that they have to retreat	55%	29%	16%
Once that starts, Western powers will engage militarily	44%	33%	23%

<u>Neutral Statement</u>	TOTAL AGREE	TOTAL DISAGREE	<u>Not</u> <u>Sure/No</u> <u>Answer</u>
Russia conquering Ukraine will create problems for the Kremlin at home	59%	19%	22%

58)In your view, why did the Kremlin recently decide to concentrate troops on Ukraine's borders? [Rank up to 3]

<u>REASON</u>	TOTAL	<u>1st</u> <u>CHOICE</u>	2 ND CHOICE	3 rd CHOICE
Russia is afraid of Ukraine joining NATO	58%	40%	9%	8%
Russia believes Ukraine is slipping away to a Western orientation, so this is the last chance to change things by force	58%	20%	25%	12%
Russia understands that a successful democratic Ukraine will motivate Russians to stand up against the Kremlin and they are afraid of that	48%	9%	21%	18%
Russia creates a threat to blackmail the West and get concessions in other areas	40%	7%	11%	22%
Russia understandably feels NATO gets closer and closer to its borders and is a threat to Russia, so red lines had to be marked	33%	13%	8%	12%
Russia's leadership wants to distract from their problems at home	30%	3%	11%	16%
Russia knows that Ukraine finally resolved to beat back Russian language and Russian cultural influence, and Russians refuse to accept it	17%	3%	8%	6%
Russia is angry that Ukraine puts pro-Kremlin politicians in Ukraine under pressure	10%	3%	4%	3%
Russia just wants attention	8%	2%	3%	3%
Other [Specify]				
Not sure				
Prefer not to answer				

Ukrainian National Identity

59)Do you consider the Ukrainian language a dialect of Russian or a fully separate language?

A dialect of Russian	9%
A fully separate language	84%
Not sure	7%

60)Do you favor or oppose the Ukrainian government making Ukrainian the only official state language?

TOTAL FAVOR	68%
TOTAL OPPOSE	27%
	470/
Strongly favor	47%
Somewhat favor	21%
Somewhat oppose	10%
Strongly oppose	17%
Not sure	4%
Prefer not to answer	1%

61) Please if you agree or disagree with the following statements.

<u>Statement</u>	TOTAL AGREE	TOTAL DISAGREE	<u>Not</u> Sure/No Answer
I'm proud to be Ukrainian	80%	9%	11%
Ukraine is better off aligning with the West than Russia	66%	19%	15%
Russia is an enemy of Ukraine	58%	32%	10%
I would fight and die for Ukraine.	47%	30%	23%
Vladimir Putin is right that Ukraine and Russia are brother nations and share the same values.	35%	52%	13%
Ukraine should be a close ally and partner with Russia	27%	55%	17%
Ukraine is better off aligning with Russia than the West	25%	58%	17%
Ukraine is a part of Russia	12%	77%	11%

62) Thinking about what Ukraine means to you, what are the most important aspects of the nation? [Rank up to 3]

<u>REASON</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>1st</u> CHOICE	2 ND CHOICE	3 RD CHOICE
Freedom	59%	30%	19%	9%
Ukraine is peaceful	50%	22%	16%	12%
Democracy	36%	7%	16%	13%
Language	31%	16%	8%	7%
There is a real will of people to end corruption	29%	7%	9%	13%
Ukrainians accepts other nations as equal	25%	4%	11%	10%
Ukraine is a modern nation	21%	4%	6%	11%
Slavic culture	15%	4%	6%	5%
Ukraine is becoming closer to the West	14%	2%	3%	9%
Ukrainians do not follow an authoritarian leader	8%	2%	3%	3%
Tolerance	8%	1%	2%	5%
Ukrainians are better than other nations	5%	1%	1%	3%
Other [Specify]				
Not sure				
Prefer not to answer				

Schoen Cooperman Research Ukrainian Security Study February 2022 63)What makes Ukraine different from Russia? Rank up to 3

REASON	TOTAL	<u>1ST</u> <u>CHOICE</u>	2 ND CHOICE	3 RD CHOICE
Ukraine is peaceful	54%	23%	17%	13%
Freedom	51%	25%	15%	11%
Democracy	36%	9%	16%	11%
Ukrainians need no authoritarian leader to feel good	33%	10%	10%	13%
Ukrainians accept other nations as equal	33%	4%	15%	14%
Language	32%	20%	6%	6%
Ukraine is closer to the West	27%	5%	8%	14%
A real will of people to end corruption	18%	3%	7%	8%
Tolerance	11%	1%	4%	6%
Russians are more primitive	5%		2%	3%
Other [Specify]	1%			1%
Not sure				
Prefer not to answer				

Demographics

64)What is your gender?	
Male Female Other	48% 52%
Don't want to disclose	
65)What is your religion?	
Orthodox UPC, meaning Kyiv Patriarch, Local Orthodox Church in Ukraine	42%
Orthodox UPC MP, meaning Ukrainian Orthodox Church, Moscow Patriarch	15%
Greek Catholic	8%
Catholic Protestant	1% 1%
Judaism	
Muslim	
Atheist	6%
I believe in God, but do not belong to any religion	16%
Other	2%
Not sure Prefer not to answer	4% 3%
Trefer not to answer	J /0
66)What language is spoken at home?	
Ukrainian	44%
Russian	25%
Both Ukrainian and Russian	29%
Other Not sure	1% 1%
NOUSUIC	1 /0
67) Where do you typically get your daily news? [select all that ap	ply]
Social media	74%
News on TV	59%
Word of mouth (friends, family, or	29%
colleagues)	240/
Newspapers (online or print) Radio	24% 16%
Podcasts	6%
Other [SPECIFY]	4%

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Not sure	2%
68)Do you watch Russian TV or follow Russian new outlets?	
Very often	7%
Sometimes	25%
Rarely	29%
Never	39%
69) How much time do you spend on social media (Facebook, WhatsApp, YouTube, etc.) on average during the week?	
0-5 hours	50%
6-10 hours	26%
11-15 hours	9%
16-20 hours	6%
More than 20 hours	9%
70) What is the highest level of education you have completed?	
Primary	
Non-complete secondary	2%
General secondary	17%
Vocational secondary	38%
Non-complete higher	7%
Higher	36%
Not sure/No answer	
71) Which of the following categories best describes your financial situation?	
There isn't enough money even for food (Very poor)	8%
There is enough for everyday expenses, but it is difficult to buy clothes (Poor)	35%
Basically enough, but not enough to buy expensive items (Low income)	39%
Enough for almost everything, but buying an apartment, a house is not available (High income)	14%
We deny ourselves practically nothing (High income)	4%